State of New Jersey OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE LAW

FINAL DECISION

OAL DKT. NO. HEA 01265-16

NEW JERSEY HIGHER EDUCATION
STUDENT ASSISTANCE AUTHORITY,

Petitioner.

٧.

MYRIAM BROWN,

Respondent.

Philip I. Levitan, Esq., for petitioner (Fein, Such, Khan & Sheppard, P.C., attorneys)

Myriam Brown, respondent, pro se

Record Closed: March 4, 2016 Decided: March 7, 2016

BEFORE **THOMAS R. BETANCOURT**, ALJ:

STATEMENT OF THE CASE AND PROCEDURAL HISTORY

Petitioner, New Jersey Higher Education Student Assistance Authority (HESAA or Authority), proposes to garnish up to 15% of the wages of respondent, Myriam Brown, because respondent defaulted on higher education student loan repayments. HESAA issued a Notice of Wage Garnishment on September 30, 2015. Petitioner filed a written request, undated and unsigned, for a hearing by telephone to challenge the garnishment; and, alleging a representative of Thomas Edison State College signed her name, without her permission, on the loan application and promissory note.

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The matter was transferred to the Office of Administrative Law (OAL), where it

was filed on January 21, 2016, and a hearing was scheduled for March 4, 2016.

The hearing was held telephonically on March 4, 2016, at which time the record

was closed. The hearing proceeded as a default hearing as respondent did not

respond.

<u>ISSUE</u>

The issue is whether the Authority has a basis to garnish petitioner's wages due

to an asserted default in repayment of student loans.

LEGAL BACKGROUND

The Authority is a New Jersey State agency that administers and guarantees

Federal and State funded student loans. N.J.S.A. 18A:72-1 - 21; N.J.A.C. 9A:10-1.4. It

purchases loans on which student borrowers have defaulted and pursues various

remedies to collect the debts including wage garnishment up to 15% of the debtor's

wages. 20 U.S.C. §1095(a). The debtor must be afforded an opportunity to contest the

garnishment and be heard before an independent hearing officer, such as an

Administrative Law Judge. Ibid.

Debt collection is subject to Federal regulation. The Authority bears the burden

of proving the existence and amount of the debt after which the burden shifts to the

debtor to establish grounds to discharge the loan debt or to postpone wage

garnishment.

FINDINGS OF FACT

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Based on the affidavit of Janice Seitz of HESAA, and testimony of Brian Lyszkiewicz of HESAA, I **FIND** the following are the **FACTS**:

- On or about May 25, 2002, respondent executed a Master Promissory
 Note for a guaranteed student loan for the purpose of paying tuition to
 Thomas Edison State College. As a result thereof, Sallie Mae Ed Trust
 paid the sum of \$5,820.00 to Thomas Edison State College Institute on
 behalf of respondent.
- 2. Under the terms of the promissory/installment notes signed by petitioner, payments became due and owing on the guaranteed student loans.
- 3. Petitioner failed to make the payments as required.
- As a result of the default, the HESAA was required to honor its guarantee and purchase the note upon which petitioner is in default.
- 5. At the time the HESAA purchased the note, \$6,742.74 was due and owing.
- 6. Interest continued to accrue under the notes and collection costs have been assessed against petitioner under authority of 34 <u>CFR</u> §682.410(b)(2).
- 7. On or about September 30, 2015, the HESAA issued a Notice of Administrative Wage Garnishment to petitioner under authority of 20 U.S.C.A. §1095(a), et seq., and 34 CFR § 682.410(9).

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- 8. As of March 4, 2016, the sum of \$813.02 is due and owing. Interest thereon continues to accrue.
- 9. Respondent had adequate notice of the hearing on March 4, 2016. She was provided with a written notice. She was also involved in a telephone conference with Petitioner's counsel, wherein they agreed March 4, 2016, for the telephone hearing.
- 10. The allegation by respondent, found in her undated and unsigned Request for Hearing, that a representative of Thomas Edison State College signed her name to the promissory note and loan application is without merit. Said allegation was investigated by Respondent and resolved on May 17, 2012, where it was determined that Respondent's signatures on the note and application matched Respondent's signature and there was no fraud

ANALYSIS

Pursuant to federal law a guaranty agency, such as HESAA, may garnish the disposable pay of an individual to collect the amount owed by that individual for the repayment of a student loan for higher education expenses, if he or she is not currently making the required repayment. 20 <u>U.S.C.A.</u> 1095a (a).

The amount deducted may not exceed fifteen percent of disposable pay. 20 <u>U.S.C.A.</u> 1095a (a)1.

In order to impose an administrative garnishment, a guaranty agency must present records which show that the debt exists in the amount stated in the garnishment notice and that the debt is delinquent. 34 <u>CFR</u> 34.14(a). Once HESAA meets that burden, and if the debtor disputes the existence or the amount of the debt, he must prove by a preponderance of the credible evidence that no debt exists, that the amount claimed is incorrect or that he is not delinquent with respect to the debt. 34

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<u>CFR</u> 34.14(b). In addition, if the debtor claims hardship he must show by credible evidence what that hardship is with respect to repayment of the note.

In this case, HESAA presented records, which show that the debt exists in the stated amount and that it is delinquent. HESAA carried its burden of proof under 34 CFR 34.14(a). I **FIND** respondent borrowed the sum asserted by HESAA and that she defaulted in the repayment of the same.

CONCLUSION

Accordingly, it is **ORDERED** that an administrative wage garnishment be issued immediately, directing respondent's employer to deduct from respondent's wages an amount equal to 15% of respondent's disposable pay and remit this amount to the New Jersey Higher Education Student Assistance Authority until such time as the outstanding debt resulting from the student loan has been repaid, including accrued interest and costs.

This decision is final pursuant to 34 CFR § 682.410(b)(9)(i)(N) (2010).

March 7, 2016	
DATE	THOMAS R. BETANCOURT, ALJ
Date Received at Agency:	
Date Mailed to Parties:	

<u>APPENDIX</u>

List of Witnesses

For Petitione	<u>r</u> :
Brian	Lyszkiewicz for NJHESAA
For Respond	<u>lent</u> :
None	
	<u>List of Exhibits</u>
For Petitione	<u>r</u> :
P-1	Affidavit of Janice Seitz with attachments
For Respond	l <u>ent</u> :
None	